

Geddy.JS: A No-Brainer MVC Node.js Framework

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Introduction

Geddy is a full stack open source MVC framework based on ruby on rails methodology with built-in authentication module, passportjs and socket.io integration. Creating realtime secure applications in Geddy takes only a few commands; it gives a a very large set of generator commands which work through a command line interface , automating most of the non-trivial tasks such as creating models, controllers, views and even authentication or socket.io integration. In Geddy, you have to only focus on main application logic and let geddy take care of the rest.

It also supports a wide range of templates engines, with EJS being the default. You can specify the template engine for a project when creating a new project or resource.

Geddy uses Node's built in cluster module which makes use of your multicore processor. So your node.js application is no-longer a single thread application, but leverages multiple cores automatically.

Installation

Pre-requisites to install nodejs and npm :

```
sudo apt-get install python-software-properties python g++ make
```

If you are using Ubuntu 12.10 or later , you will need to do the following as well:

```
sudo apt-get install software-properties-common
```

Add the PPA Repository, which is recommended by Joyent (the maintainers of Node.js):

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:chris-lea/node.js
```

Update the System package list:

```
sudo apt-get update
```

Install Node.js including npm:

```
sudo apt-get install nodejs
```

Install geddy globally along with jake

```
sudo npm install -g geddy
```

Here we install geddy globally so we can use geddy generators.

Understanding Geddy Structure

Each geddy app being based on MVC principle has a separate directory and files for each: model, controller and views.

Geddy Generators

Geddy generators are a list of commands available to us to facilitate our development process.

Geddy gen command - It is used to generate a new app, model,controller and does various other daily development chores for you.

```
geddy gen app your_app
```

This will create a geddy app named your_app in a directory named your_app in your working directory .

```
geddy gen resource profile name:string
```

This will create a resource (model+controller+route) called "profile" with the model having a property name and of type string. If you do not mention the type, it is automatically set to string type .

You can either mention your attributes here, or later manually enter them in the model file located at app/models/profile.js .

```
geddy gen secret
```

This command deletes any existing secret and creates a new secret for your application. Session Secret are used to compute hash so without the secret, access to a session would be denied, thus protecting you against session hijacking etc. This commands takes no arguments

```
geddy gen controller
```

This command creates a controller along with an index view and a route to access the controller

```
geddy gen model notes title:default content:string
```

This command generates a model with 2 string property called title and content. Here, default property is used when displaying the model. You could have done title:int:default if you wanted an integer type to be default property. In geddy, an ID property is always created and is the default property if none is mentioned. This ID matches the corresponding mongodb document created.

```
geddy gen scaffold personal_detail name:string
```

This command scaffolds a resource called personal_detail plus a mockup view of personal_detail where you can add,view, and delete individual entry from the browser itself.

When scaffolding, you also have the option to specify the template engine you want to use for the views created.You can use swig, jade, handle or mustache template engine whereas EJS is used if none is mentioned. For example:

```
geddy gen scaffold personal_detail --jade
```

Creating an App with Facebook Authentication Built In

Scaffold a sample application.

```
geddy gen app Edupi
```

Move into the directory.

```
cd Edupi
```

Scaffold passport.js based authentication into your application.

Note: You should not scaffold authentication into an old application as it may override your codes.

```
geddy auth
```

Go to developers.facebook.com and get the Secret key of your application by following the steps below.



Click on Apps

Apps

Welcome to the App Dashboard.

Create an app to start integrating with Facebook or jump into the docs.



Websites

Using Facebook on your Website allows you to create a more powerful registration and sign-in process using the Facebook Login Button and simplifies your registration and sign-in process using the Facebook Login Button.



Apps on Facebook

Building an app on Facebook gives you the opportunity to deep dive into Facebook functionality such as Requests and Bookmarks to create an idea for your app.



Mobile Apps

Facebook Platform makes iOS (iPhone & iPad), Android and Mobile Web (without yet another username/password) and create a powerful mobile app.



Samples & How-Tos

Our samples and how-to guides are a great way to get started with Facebook Platform easier.

Click on Create new App (must be registered)

Create New App

App Name: [?] Valid

App Namespace: [?]

App Category: [?] Choose a sub-category

By proceeding, you agree to the Facebook Platform Policies [Continue](#)

Enter the App Name and other relevant information and click on Continue.



Edupi

App ID: 236044779884137

App Secret: 52e418f5a5eb335ba0c5b0b1631407b5 (reset)

This app is in Sandbox Mode (Only visible to Admins, Developers and Testers)

Make a note of App-ID and will be needing it for config

Basic Info

Display Name: [?]

Edupi

Namespace: [?]

Contact Email: [?]

App Domains: [?]

Enter your site domains and press enter

Sandbox Mode: [?]

Enabled

Disabled

Select how your app integrates with Facebook

Enter either your server
LocalHost with port for
Machine



Website with Facebook Login

Site URL: [?]

http://localhost:4000/



App on Facebook

Use my app inside Facebook.com.



Mobile Web

Bookmark my web app on Facebook mobile.



Native iOS App

Publish from my iOS app to Facebook.



Native Android App

Publish from my Android app to Facebook.



Page Tab

Build a custom tab for Facebook Pages.

Save Changes



Click Here to save changes

Click on Website with Facebook Login and enter the server's url or IP. You can enter your virtual server's IP like `http://192.168.1.2:80/` or enter `http://localhost:4000/` if you are testing your application on a localserver. In case you see a different Screen, Click on edit app to reach this screen.

Make a Note of the App ID and App Secret and click on save changes.

Note: You should never share your App ID and App Secret with anyone. I did it to minimize any confusion.

Now go back your server's directory and in the Edupi Folder open `config/secrets.json` file.

```
{
  "passport": {
    "successRedirect": "/",
    "failureRedirect": "/login",
    "twitter": {
      "consumerKey": "XXXXXX",
      "consumerSecret": "XXXXXX"
    },
    "facebook": {
      "clientID": "XXXXXX",
      "clientSecret": "XXXXXX"
    },
    "yammer": {
      "clientID": "XXXXXX",
      "clientSecret": "XXXXXX"
    }
  }
}
```

Here, `successRedirect` is the path which the User will be returned in the case of successful authorization; `failure Redirect` is the url where the user will be redirected if the authorization fails. Please note that you are only allowed to pass relative links. For example, setting `"successRedirect": "http://localhost:4000/login/"` will return an error. You can change Both the urls in case you change the routes.

Enter AppId as `clientID` and App Secret as `Client Secret` as shown below.

```
{
  "passport": {
    "successRedirect": "/",
    "failureRedirect": "/login",
    "twitter": {
      "consumerKey": "XXXXXX",
      "consumerSecret": "XXXXXX"
    },
    "facebook": {
      "clientID": "670657392948407",
      "clientSecret": "1beefd26e84f7e7adb4eb8a371c41af8"
    },
    "yammer": {
      "clientID": "XXXXXX",
      "clientSecret": "XXXXXX"
    }
  }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

You can get twitter and yammer application settings and enter as shown above to get them working. You can search them in case you have any difficulty finding them.

Now Save the File and run the server Using

```
geddy app
```

And voila , Now you have facebook integration built into you geddy application. Upon Authentication, two items get added to user's session which are userId (mongodb ID for the user ad authtype which for this case would be facebook).

You can check against these variables in your controllers to authenticate a request before it is executed on the virtual server.

Going HTTPS in Geddy

Geddy supports HTTPS via SSL/TLS or SPDY . To enable it, just add your certificate's details to the configuration file. Key and cert options are required whereas other options that are available for https and spdy module are optional.

To add SSL/TLS simply add the following lines to your config file:

```
// ...  
, ssl: {  
key: 'config/key.pem',  
cert: 'config/cert.pem'  
}  
// ...
```

To add support for SPDY add the following:

```
// ...  
, spdy: {  
key: 'config/key.pem',  
cert: 'config/cert.pem'  
}  
// ...
```

Here it is assumed that key.pem and cert.pem are placed in the config folder. And the rest is handled by geddy.

Going Into Production Mode

Create a file named app.js with the following content .

```
var geddy = require('geddy');  
geddy.start({  
environment: 'production'
```

```
});
```

And then use Forever to run your server that shall prevent your app from going down

TO install forever

```
sudo npm install forever -g
```

And then to start your app, go to the directory containing app.js in terminal and run

```
forever start app.js
```

And now your app will automatically start in case it crashes.